Appendix I The seven Cs of scientific writing

- Clarity: scientific writing should be unambiguous; it should not allow more than one interpretation of the meaning of a message.
- **C**orrectness: scientific writing should not contain errors.
- **C**ompleteness: scientific writing should contain all the information necessary for readers to fully understand the research done.
- Comprehensibility: scientific writing should be as simple as possible to enable readers to understand complex material.
- Concision: scientific writing should not contain redundant or unnecessary information.
- Consistency: scientific writing should use the same terms, spelling, style, format, etc. throughout the document.
- **C**onformance: scientific writing should conform to the standards specified by organizations that oversee publication and by journals.